

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

LHM PLUS

SDS #: 32897

previous revision date

: 2022/03/03

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: LHM PLUS
UFI	: MN5X-T8H2-V00C-JRUX

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Formulation additives, lubricants and greases - Industrial General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional Base oil

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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Contact

H.S.E

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center

Telephone number	 Romania Emergency Clinical Hospital Bucharest (non-stop, 24 h/7d): 021 5992300, int. 182, 444, 213, 455 Other bodies responsible for receiving health information: Targu Mures County Emergency Clinical Hospital Direct phone: 0265 210 110 Central Telephone (non-stop, 24 h/7z): 0372 653 100; 0372 683 700; 0265 212 111 Other institutions (child poisoning): Grigore Alexandrescu Children's Hospital, Bucharest TOXAPEL Telephone (24h/24h): 021 2106282; 021 2106183 Moldavia Serviciul Naţional Unic Pentru Apelurile de Urgenţă: 112
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: Emergency phone: +44 1235 239670



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

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See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
General	:	 P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions.
Prevention	:	P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	:	P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Contains	:	Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB in a concentration >= 0,1 %. This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Hazard of slipping on spilled product.



SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/substance	Identifiers	% (w/w)	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119826592-36 EC: 934-954-2 CAS: 64742-46-7*	≥50 - ≤75	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	REACH #: 01-2119487077-29 EC: 265-158-7 CAS: 64742-55-8	≥25 - ≤50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	REACH #: 01-2119490822-33 EC: 204-884-0 CAS: 128-39-2	<1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	REACH #: 01-2119531335-46 EC: 215-548-8 CAS: 1330-78-5	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
naphthalene	EC: 202-049-5 CAS: 91-20-3 Index: 601-052-00-2	<0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Carc. 2, H351 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 533 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]

Additional information : Mineral oil of petroleum origin. Product containing mineral oil with less than 3% DMSO extract as measured by IP 346

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

The EC substance definition and related classification & labelling have been developed in the framework of the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACh). The related CAS number* is used for the purpose of the international inventories present in section 15 of the SDS.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.



SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact Inhalation	: No specific data. : No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture



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In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides
: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.		
6.3 Methods and materials for	containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.		
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.		



SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	 Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/substance	Exposure limit values
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
paraffinic	additions (Romania, 3/2021). []
	VLA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short term: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short term: 2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
naphthalene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021).
	VLA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	VLA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Reportable hazardous constituent(s) contained in UVCB and/or multi-constituent substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

No exposure limit value known.

Biological Limit Values (BLV)

No exposure indices known.



Recommended monitoring procedures	: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
Advisory OEL	Mineral ail miate USA: OSUA (DEL) TM/A 5 mg/m2 MIOSU (DEL) TM/A 5 mg/m2

Advisory OEL

: Mineral oil mist: USA: OSHA (PEL) TWA 5 mg/m3, NIOSH (REL) TWA 5 mg/m3, STEL 10 mg/m3, ACGIH (TLV) TWA 5 mg/m3 (highly refined)

DNELs/DMELs

Product/substance	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.74 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.97 mg/ kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.19 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.73 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.58 mg/m³	Workers	Local
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11.25 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20.9 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	70.61 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.75 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.47 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.33 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.11 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	74 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL DNEL	Short term Dermal Long term Dermal	16 mg/cm² 1.67 mg/	Workers General	Local Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 0.06 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	0.03 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	cm² 37 mg/kg	population General	Systemic



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I	1	I	by (day)	nonulation	
		0	bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Short term	0.28 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term Oral	157.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/cm ²	General	Local
			-	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.02 mg/	General	Systemic
		Ŭ	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.03 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	j,	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.15 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-)
	DNEL	Long term	0.18 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	0.10 mg/m	Workers	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.41 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Derma	kg bw/day	WUREI3	Oysternic
nanhthalana	DNEL	Long torm Dormal	3.57 mg/	Workers	Svotomio
naphthalene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0	VVUIKEIS	Systemic
		1	kg bw/day	147	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	25 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Name	Method Detail
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Fresh water	700 ng/l	-
•••	Marine water	70 ng/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	317 µg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	31.7 µg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	697 µg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment	10 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
	Secondary Poisoning	60 mg/kg	-
ris(methylphenyl) phosphate	Fresh water	0.000146 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0000146 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.0404 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.00404 mg/kg	-
		dwt	
	Soil	0.00000317 mg/	-
		kg dwt	
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Individual protection measu	res	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.EN 166



Skin protection	
Hand protection	 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Hydrocarbon-proof gloves nitrile rubber Fluorinated rubber Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. In case of prolonged contact with the product, it is recommended to wear gloves complying with ISO 21420 and EN 374 standards, protecting at least for 480 minutes and having a thickness of 0,38 mm at least. These values are indicative only. The level of protection is provided by the material of the glove, its technical characteristics, its resistance to the chemicals to be handled, the appropriateness of its use and its replacement frequency
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection: Type A/P1 Warning ! filters have a limited use duration The use of breathing apparatus must comply strictly with the manufacturer's instructions and the regulations governing their choices and uses
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature (20°C / 68°F) and pressure (1013 hPa) unless otherwise indicated

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Fluorescent yellowish-green
Odor	: Characteristic.
рН	: Not applicable. Product is non-soluble (in water).
Melting point/freezing point	: Technically not possible to measure
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: >316°C [ISO 3405]
Flash point	: Open cup: 105°C [ASTM D 93]
Flammability	: Not applicable.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 7% Upper: 9%
Vapor pressure	: <0.013 kPa [room temperature] Not applicable. [50°C]



Vapor density	: >2 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.831 to 0.841 [ISO EN 3675]
Density	: 0.831 to 0.841 g/cm ³ [15°C] [ISO EN 3675]
Solubility(ies)	:
Media	Result
water	Not soluble
Miscible with water	: No.
Partition coefficient: n-octa water	nol/ : Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): 18 mm²/s [ISO 3104]
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
9.2 Other information	
Pour point	: -62°C (-79.6°F)
SECTION 10: Stabilit	
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizing agents
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 <u>Acute toxicity</u>



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Product/substance	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Test
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat - Male,	>5266 mg/m ³	4 hours	OECD 403
alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	and mists	Female	-		Read across
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>3160 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
		Female			Read across
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 401
		Female			Read across
Distillates (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours	OECD 403
hydrotreated light paraffinic	and mists				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 420
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-	OECD 401
		Female	Single dose		401
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate		Rat	5.5 mg/l	4 hours	-
	and mists				
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	21 mg/l	4 hours	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10000 mg/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3700 mg/kg	-	-
naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rat	16001 mg/kg	-	OECD 402
	LD50 Oral	Rat	533 mg/kg	-	OECD 401

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/substance	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	3000	10000	N/A	21	5.5
naphthalene	533	16001	N/A	N/A	N/A

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/substance	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Test
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae	Rabbit	0.3	24 hours	OECD 405 Read across
	Skin - Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.3	-	404 Read across
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	0	-	OECD 405 405
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat	-	4 hours 0.5 Ml	OECD 404 404
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary					
Oldin	· Deced on evallable data d	ha dessification a	uitaula aua		

Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eyes	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Sensitization	



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Product/substance	Route of exposure		Species	_		Result	
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	skin		inea pig Not sensitiz		Not sensitizi	C C	
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	skin	Guine	a pig		Not sensitizi	ng	
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.						
Respiratory	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.						
Mutagenicity							
Product/substance	Те	st	Exp	eriment	:	Re	esult
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	OECD 471 F	Read across	Experiment: In Subject: Bacteri			Negative	
	OECD 473 F	Read across	Experiment: In Subject: Mamm	alian-Ar	imal	Negative	
	OECD 476 F		Subject: Mamm	alian-Ar	imal	Negative	
	OECD 474 F	Read across	Experiment: In v Subject: Mamm Cell: Somatic		imal	Negative	
	OECD 475 F	Read across	Experiment: In v Subject: Mamm Cell: Somatic		imal	Negative	
	OECD 483 F	Read across	Experiment: In v Subject: Mamm Cell: Germ		imal	Negative	
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	OECD 471 4	71	Experiment: In Subject: Bacteri			Negative	
	OECD 473		Experiment: In Subject: Mamm	vitro	imal	Negative	
	OECD 476		Cell: Somatic Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic		iimal	Negative	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on	available dat	ta, the classificat	ion crite	ria are not me	et.	
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>	: Based on	available dat	a, the classificat	ion crite	ria are not me	et.	
Product/substance	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	S	pecies	Dose	Exposure
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	-	Negative	Negative	Rat - M	ale, Female	Oral	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on	available dat	a, the classificat	ion crite	ria are not me	et.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on	available dat	ta, the classificat	ion crite	ria are not me	et.	
Specific target organ toxicit							
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on	available dat	ta, the classificat	ion crite	ria are not me	et.	
Specific target organ toxicit	<u>y (repeated</u> e	<u>xposure)</u>					
Conclusion/Summary			ta, the classificat	ion crite	ria are not me	et.	
Achiration bazard							



Produc	t/substance		Result	
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16. n-alk	anes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03%		HAZARD - Cate	gory 1
aromatics Distillates (petroleum), hydrotr			HAZARD - Cate	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the cla			<u> </u>
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.			
Potential acute health effects				
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or	critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or	critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause	se skin dryness	and irritation.	
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and e	nters airways.		
Symptoms related to the phys	ical, chemical and toxicological	characteristic	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	: No specific data.			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include	e the following:		
	irritation dryness cracking			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include nausea or vomiting	e the following:		
Delayed and immediate effects	s and also chronic effects from	short and long	term exposure	
Short term exposure		-	-	
Potential immediate	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Long term exposure				
Potential immediate	: Not available.			
effects				
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.			
Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effect				
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>	pecies	Dose	Exposure
Potential chronic health effect Product/substance Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	Cts Result Si Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R	becies at - Male, emale	Dose >5000 mg/kg	Exposure 13 weeks; 7 days per week
Potential chronic health effect Product/substance Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	cts Result Si Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Fe Fe Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation R	at - Male, emale at - Male,		13 weeks; 7 days per week 90 days; 5 days
Potential chronic health effect Product/substance Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	cts Result SI Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation R Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R	at - Male, emale	>5000 mg/kg	13 weeks; 7 days per week
Potential chronic health effect Product/substance Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	cts Result SI Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation R Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R	at - Male, emale at - Male, emale at - Male,	>5000 mg/kg >10400 mg/m ³ 100 mg/kg	13 weeks; 7 days per week 90 days; 5 days per week
Potential chronic health effectProduct/substanceHydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Result Si Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation R Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Fe Fe	at - Male, emale at - Male, emale at - Male, emale	>5000 mg/kg >10400 mg/m ³ 100 mg/kg NOAEL	13 weeks; 7 days per week 90 days; 5 days per week
Potential chronic health effectProduct/substanceHydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics2,6-di-tert-butylphenolConclusion/Summary	cts Result Si Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Ri Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Ri Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Ri Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Ri Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Ri Fe Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Ri Fe Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Fe Fe	at - Male, emale at - Male, emale at - Male, emale critical hazards.	>5000 mg/kg >10400 mg/m ³ 100 mg/kg NOAEL	13 weeks; 7 days per week 90 days; 5 days per week
Potential chronic health effectProduct/substanceHydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics2,6-di-tert-butylphenolConclusion/Summary General	cts Si Result Si Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation R Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Vapor Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral R Fe Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Fe Fe Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Fe Fe Fe Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Fe	at - Male, emale at - Male, emale at - Male, emale critical hazards. critical hazards.	>5000 mg/kg >10400 mg/m ³ 100 mg/kg NOAEL	13 weeks; 7 days per week 90 days; 5 days per week

11.2 Information on other hazards

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TotalEnergies

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity

Product/substance	Result	Species	Exposure	Test
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	Acute EC50 10000 mg/l	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours	ISO 10253
	Acute EC50 3193 mg/l	Daphnia - Acartia tonsa	48 hours	ISO 14669
	Acute LC50 1028 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	-
		Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days	OECD 211
	_	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	28 days	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	Acute EC50 >100 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	48 hours	OECD 201
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	OECD 202
	Chronic NOEL 10 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	OECD 211
	Chronic NOEL >1000 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	21 days	-
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	Acute EC50 1.2 mg/l	Algae	72 hours	-
	Acute EC50 0.45 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 1 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEC 0.035 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days	-
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l	Fish	28 days	-
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours	-
	Acute EC50 290 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Stephanodiscus hantzschii - Exponential growth phase	96 hours	-
	Acute EC50 170 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus	96 hours	-
	Acute LC50 0.09 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar	48 hours	US EPA
	Acute LC50 0.14 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 0.6 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEC 3.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Egg	35 days	-
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	28 days	-
naphthalene	Acute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 2160 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours	OECD 202
	Acute LC50 213 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis - Larvae	96 hours	-
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult	3 weeks	-
		Pugnar - Adult		



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	Chronic NOEC 0.37 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch	40 days	-	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/substance	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	OECD 306	74 % - Readily - 28	days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.				
Product/substance	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	6	Biodegradability
Hydrocarbons, C13-C16, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 0.03% aromatics	-		-		Readily
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	-		-		Not readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/substance	LogKow	BCF	Potential
2,6-di-tert-butylphenol	4.48	660	High
tris(methylphenyl) phosphate	5.93	144	Low
naphthalene		36.5 to 168	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.
Mobility in soil	: Given its physical and chemical characteristics, the product generally shows low soil mobility The product is insoluble and floats on water Loss by evaporation is limited

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB in a concentration >= 0,1 %.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain any substance present at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by mass, included in the list drawn up in accordance with article 59, paragraph 1 of the REACh Regulation, due to its endocrine disrupting properties, or a substance known to have endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation 2018/605.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods
<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
	According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used The following Waste Codes are only suggestions: 13 01 10*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ICAO/IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	9006	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (2,6-di-tert- butylphenol, tris (methylphenyl) phosphate)	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADN

: The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.



14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not available. bulk according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

DIRECTIVE 2008/68/EC related on the inland transport of dangerous goods

Industrial emissions: Not listed(integrated pollution
prevention and control) -
Air: Not listedIndustrial emissions
(integrated pollution
prevention and control) -
Water: Not listedExplosive precursors:

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
naphthalene	Romania Ministry of Social Assistance and Family Policies and Ministry of Public Health	naftalină	Carc. C2	-



National regulatory information

GD 398/2010 on establishing measures for application of Regulation (EC) no. 1.272 / 2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548 / EEC and 1999/45 / EC, and amending Regulation (EC). 1.907 / 2006GD 477/2009 on establishing penalties for infringements of the provisions of Regulation (EC) no. 1.907 / 2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Agency for Chemicals, amending Directive 1999/45 / EC and repealing Regulation (EC) No . 793/93 and Regulation (EC) no. 1,488 / 94 Commission and Council Directive 76/769 / EEC and Directives 91/155 / EEC, 93/67 / EEC, 93/105 / EC and 2000/21 / EC of the CommissionGD 1218/2006 laying down minimum requirements for safety and health at work for the protection of workers from risks related to chemical agents

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

LU - Luxembourg prohibited chemicals in the workplace

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia inventory (AIIC)	: At least one component is not listed.
Canada inventory (DSL/NDSL)	: At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
China inventory (IECSC)	: At least one component is not listed.
Europe inventory (EC)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory	 Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	: At least one component is not listed.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	: At least one component is not listed.
Korea inventory (KECI)	: At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)	: At least one component is not listed.
Thailand inventory	: Not determined.
Turkey inventory	: Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Vietnam inventory	: Not determined.



The information stated in this section relates solely to the conformity of the chemical product with the countries Inventories. The information used to confirm the inventory status of this product may be based on additional data to the chemical composition shown in Section 3. Other regulations may apply for importation or marketing authorizations.

15.2 Chemical Safety	: See exposure scenarios
Assessment	

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration LC50 = Median lethal concentration LD50 = Median lethal dose OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit VOC = Volatile Organic Compound UVCB Substance of unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological material
	or Biological material NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration QSAR = Quantitative Structure–Activity Relationship

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2



Date of revision	: 2023/03/06
previous revision date	: 2022/03/03
Version	: 2

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Product definition : Mixture Code : 32897 **Product name** : LHM PLUS Section 1 - Title Short title of the exposure : Formulation additives, lubricants and greases - Industrial scenario List of use descriptors : Identified use name: Formulation additives, lubricants and greases - Industrial Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC04, PROC05, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC15 Sector of end use: SU03, SU10 Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC02 **Processes and activities** : Industrial formulation of lubricant additives, lubricants and greases. Includes material transfers, mixing, large and small scale packing, sampling, maintenance. covered by the exposure scenario

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario contro	lliı	ng environmental exposure for 1:
ATIEL-ATC SPERC 2.Ai-I.v1		
Amounts used	1	Volume manufactured/imported (tonnes/year) : 1.00E+04
		Fraction of EU tonnage used in region : 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally : 0.1
Frequency and duration of use	:	Emission days (days per year) : 300
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	:	Local freshwater dilution factor : 10 Local marine water dilution factor : 100
Other conditions affecting environmental exposure	1	Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.
		Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements) : 5.00E-05 Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00E-12 Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	:	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.
Technical on-site conditions and measures to	:	Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of (%) : 70
reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil		Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and for waste water to be discharged via public sewer system.
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site	:	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated contained or reclaimed.
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	:	Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%) : 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m^3/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 210 932
Date of issue/Date of revisior	1	: 3/22/2021 21/2

Identification of the substance or mixture

Industrial

LHM PLUS	- Formulation additives, lubricants and greases Industrial
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Contributing scenario contro	olling worker exposure for 2:
No exposure assessment pre	sented for human health.

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website:	: Not applicable.
Exposure estimation and ref	erence to its source - Environment: 1:
Exposure assessment (environment):	: Used ECETOC TRA model.
Exposure estimation and reference to its source	: Not available.
Exposure estimation and ref	erence to its source - Workers: 2:
Exposure assessment (human):	: The risk Management Mesures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.
Exposure estimation and reference to its source	: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment	: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.atiel.org/reach/introduction.
Health	: Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. For further information see www.atiel.org/reach/introduction.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment	: Not available.
Health	: Not available.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Identification of the substance or mixture **Product definition** : Mixture Code : 32897 **Product name** : LHM PLUS Section 1 - Title Short title of the exposure : General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial scenario List of use descriptors : Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08b, PROC09 Sector of end use: SU03 Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04, ERC07 **Processes and activities** : Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehiculs or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed covered by the exposure scenario machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario contro	llir	ng environmental exposure for 1:
ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Bi.v1		
Amounts used	1	Volume manufactured/imported (tonnes/year) : 2.63E+03
		Fraction of EU tonnage used in region : 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally : 0.1
Frequency and duration of use	:	Emission days (days per year) : 300
Environment factors not influenced by risk management	:	Local freshwater dilution factor : 10 Local marine water dilution factor : 100
Other conditions affecting	:	Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.
environmental exposure		Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements) : 5.00E-05 Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00E-12 Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 0
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release	:	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.
Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	:	Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and for waste wate to be discharged via public sewer system.
Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site	:	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated contained or reclaimed.
Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	:	Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%) : 0.1 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m^3/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 55 500
Date of issue/Date of revision	1	: 3/22/2021 23/2

Industrial

LHM PLUS	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Industrial
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
•	olling worker exposure for 2:
No exposure assessment pre	sented for human health.

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website:	: Not applicable.
Exposure estimation and ref	erence to its source - Environment: 1:
Exposure assessment (environment):	: Used ECETOC TRA model.
Exposure estimation and reference to its source	: Not available.
Exposure estimation and ref	erence to its source - Workers: 2:
Exposure assessment (human):	: The risk Management Mesures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.
Exposure estimation and reference to its source	: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment	: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.atiel.org/reach/introduction.
Health	: Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. For further information see www.atiel.org/reach/introduction.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment	: Not available.
Health	: Not available.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the sub	stance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Code	: 32897
Product name	: LHM PLUS
Section 1 - Title	
Short title of the exposure scenario	: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional
List of use descriptors	 Identified use name: General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional
	Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC20 Sector of end use: SU22
	Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.
	Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b
Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario	: Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehiculs or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region : 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally : 0.1 Frequency and duration of use : Emission days (days per year) : 365 Environment factors not influenced by risk management : Local freshwater dilution factor : 10 Local marine water dilution factor : 100 Other conditions affecting environmental exposure : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact. Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements) : 5.00E-04 Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00E-04 Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 1.00E-03 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. ' Prevent discharges, air emissions and releases to soil : Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. ' Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%) : 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m³/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msan) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 560			
Amounts used:Volume manufactured/imported (tonnes/year): 5.39E+03Frequency and duration of use:Emission of EU tonnage used in region: 0.1 Fraction of regional tonnage used locally: 0.1Frequency and duration of use:Emission days (days per year): 365Environment factors not influenced by risk management:Local freshwater dilution factor: 10 Local marine water dilution factor: 100Other conditions affecting environmental exposure:Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact. Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements): 5.00E-04 Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00E-04 Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 1.00E-03Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release to soil:On ont apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.Organizational measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil:Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.Conditions and measures to related to sewage treatment plant:Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%): 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m³/d): 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msaw) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day): 560		lliı	ng environmental exposure for 1:
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use Environment factors not influenced by risk management : Local freshwater dilution factor : 10 Local marine water dilution factor : 100 Other conditions affecting environmental exposure : Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact. Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements) : 5.00E-04 Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 1.00E-03 Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Prevent discharges, air emissions and releases to soil : Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil : Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. : Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%) : 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m³/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Mssfe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 560			
Influenced by risk managementLocal marine water dilution factor : 100Other conditions affecting environmental exposureImage: Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water contact.Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs consistent with EU Solvent Emissions Directive requirements) : 5.00E-04 Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant): 5.00E-04 Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs): 1.00E-03Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent releaseCommon practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soilPrevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.Organizational measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soilDo not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.Site Conditions and measures plantEstimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%) : 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m³/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 560	Frequency and duration of use	1	Emission days (days per year) : 365
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prevent/limit release from site contained or reclaimed. Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant : Estimated substance removal from wastewater via domestic sewage treatment (%): (%) : 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m³/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 560	Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil	:	Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.
related to sewage treatment (%) : 0.10 plant Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m³/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal (kg/day) : 560	Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site	:	
Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/22/2021 25/2	Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	:	(%) : 0.10 Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant flow (m^3/d) : 2.00E+03 Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater
	Date of issue/Date of revisior	ı	: 3/22/2021 25/26

LHM PLUS	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery - Professional
Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal	: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste	: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.
	olling worker exposure for 2:
No exposure assessment pre	•

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website:	: 1	Not applicable.
Exposure estimation and ref	eren	ce to its source - Environment: 1:
Exposure assessment (environment):	: l	Jsed ECETOC TRA model.
Exposure estimation and reference to its source	: ١	Not available.
Exposure estimation and ref	eren	ce to its source - Workers: 2:
Exposure assessment (human):	E	The risk Management Mesures/Operational Conditions that are identified in the Exposure Scenario are the outcome of a quantitative and qualitative assessment that covers this product.
Exposure estimation and reference to its source	: 1	Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment	: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.atiel.org/reach/introduction.
Health	: Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. For further information see www.atiel.org/reach/introduction.

Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Environment	: Not available.
Health	: Not available.